

Financial Statements

Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022



Helping you succeed, financially and beyond.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc. Boise, Idaho

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc. as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Harrie CPAs P.C.

We have previously audited Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc.'s December 31, 2022 financial statements and expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on June 26, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Meridian, Idaho July 8, 2024

RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE CHARITIES OF IDAHO, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2023

With Comparative Totals as of December 31, 2022

A	ASSETS	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,101,771 8,152,740	\$ 1,146,737 6,705,628
Accounts receivable		133,321	103,799
Pledges receivable, net		368,142	737,042
Prepaid expenses		39,723	37,287
Property and equipment, net	_	13,961,294	 14,268,334
Total Assets	\$	23,756,991	\$ 22,998,827
LIABILITIES	AND NET ASSET	S	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	45,201	\$ 28,767
Accrued wages, benefits, and payroll taxes		75,871	77,362
Deferred revenue		29,676	 36,563
Total Liabilities		150,748	142,692
Net Assets			
Without donor restrictions		23,060,043	22,259,789
With donor restrictions		546,200	 596,346
Total Net Assets	_	23,606,243	 22,856,135
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	23,756,991	\$ 22,998,827

See notes to financial statements.

RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE CHARITIES OF IDAHO, INC.

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			2022	
	Without Dono			
	Restrictions	Restrictions	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues and Other Support				
Contributions	\$ 1,412,350	\$	\$ 1,412,350	\$ 1,264,399
Special events	541,675	π	541,675	477,151
Contributed nonfinancial assets	201,448		201,448	178,654
Investment income (loss)	1,039,214	109,846	1,149,060	(1,227,682)
, ,				, , ,
	3,194,687	109,846	3,304,533	692,522
Net assets released from restrictions	159,992	(159,992)	0	0
Total Revenue	3,354,679	(50,146)	3,304,533	692,522
Expenses				
Program services				
Ronald McDonald House	1,419,185		1,419,185	1,114,825
Family Room	212,498		212,498	432,983
Hospitality Cart	204		204	2,703
1105pitanty Gart				<u></u>
Total Program Services	1,631,887	0	1,631,887	1,550,511
Supporting services				
Administrative	563,980		563,980	350,353
Fundraising	358,558		358,558	339,909
0				
Total Supporting Services	922,538	0	922,538	<u>690,262</u>
W 15	2554425		2554 425	2.240.772
Total Expenses	<u>2,554,425</u>	0	<u>2,554,425</u>	<u>2,240,773</u>
Change in Net Assets	800,254	(50,146)	750,108	(1,548,251)
Net Assets				
Beginning of Year	22,259,789	596,346	22,856,135	24,404,386
		,	, , , , ,	
End of Year	\$ 23,060,043	<u>\$ 546,200</u>	<u>\$ 23,606,243</u>	\$ 22,856,135

See notes to financial statements.

RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE CHARITIES OF IDAHO, INC. STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2022.

	Dues and subscriptions Postage and courier	Donation box expenses	Telephone	Printing and publishing	Office supplies	Volunteer resources and recognition	Bank charges	Advertising	Family support services and supplies	Insurance	Meetings, education, and training	Technology	Utilities	Rent	Maintenance and repairs	Employee benefits	Payroll taxes	Professional fees	Cleaning services and supplies	Depreciation	Salaries		
₩																					€\$	_ 🛚 🖺 📘	
1,419,185	60 23		8,155	480	26	5,772		89	2,089	7,298	2,603	4,105	46,194		65,437	35,376	46,318	1,614	305,776	320,819	566,951	Ronald McDonald <u>House</u>	
₩																					∜	Fam	Progra
212,498	1,085 268			220	7,183			314	25,409	1,288	9,094	2,425	7,620	59,555		5,425	5,804	807	14,963		71,038	Family Room	Program Services
₩																					₩	H_0	
204									204													Hospitality <u>Cart</u>	
₩																					₩	Adm	
563,980	2,370 2,460		90	6,832	4,381		16,588	312		32,902	35,781	40,172			1,861	21,307	22,064	75,057		31,729	270,074	Administrative	
₩																					↔	Fur	
358,558	51	4,581		927		5,957		18,631			505	2,925				15,272	20,066	44,034			245,609	Fundraising	
₩																					⇔		
\$ 2,554,425	3,515 2,802	4,581	8,245	8,459	11,590	11,729	16,588	19,346	27,702	41,488	47,983	49,627	53,814	59,555	67,298	77,380	94,252	121,512	320,739	352,548	1,153,672	2023 Total	
₩																					€\$		
\$ 2,240,773	2,218 3,268	3,117	9,035	9,335	10,118	10,640	10,427	39,999	24,986	45,600	34,853	24,516	46,756	59,555	93,994	72,055	78,866	50,147	266,114	349,197	995,977	2022 Total	

RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE CHARITIES OF IDAHO, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 750,108	\$ (1,548,251)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to		,
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	352,548	349,197
Net unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(937,431)	1,510,114
Net realized (gain) loss on investments	19,780	(84,351)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	ŕ	() /
Accounts receivable	(29,522)	(50,912)
Pledges receivable	368,900	382,886
Prepaid expenses	(2,436)	(15,890)
Accounts payable	16,434	(2,179)
Accrued wages, benefits and payroll taxes	(1,491)	14,742
Deferred revenue	 (6,887)	 19,533
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	530,003	574,889
Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments	(1,735,271)	(900,912)
Proceeds from sale of investments	604,728	0
Purchase of property and equipment	(45,508)	(36,388)
Maturity of certificates of deposit	 601,082	 0
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	 (574,969)	 (937,300)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(44,966)	(362,411)
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Beginning of Year	 1,146,737	 1,509,148
Cash and Cash Equivalents – End of Year	\$ 1,101,771	\$ 1,146,737

See notes to financial statements.

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Organization

Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc., (the Organization) is an Idaho nonprofit charitable corporation formed in 1987. The mission of the Organization is to support families of ill or injured children by keeping them together in times of medical need. Collectively, Ronald McDonald House Charities and the network of local Chapters ascribe to four core values: we are caring, supportive, and family-centered, we serve in a manner that is professional, responsive, and respectful, we operate with accountability and transparency, and we celebrate our communities and heritage.

We fulfill our mission through operation of sustainable programs that enable family-centered care, bridge access to quality health care, are a vital part of the health care continuum, and strengthen families during difficult times. The following programs, operated by the Organization, represent the core functions of Ronald McDonald House Charities of Idaho, Inc.:

Ronald McDonald House – When children must travel long distances to access top medical care, accommodations and support for families can be expensive or not readily available. The Organization helps families stay close to their ill or injured child through the Ronald McDonald House program located in Boise, Idaho, which provides temporary lodging, meals, and other support to children and their families. The program provides families with emotional and physical comfort and increases the caregivers' ability to spend more time with their child, to interact with their clinical care team, and to participate in critical medical care decisions.

Ronald McDonald Family Room – When a child is critically ill, parents may be reluctant to leave the hospital. In order to provide comfort and support to their child, it is important that parents have an opportunity to rest, have a meal, or have a moment of quiet. Located inside medical care facilities, the Ronald McDonald Family Room program in the Eastern Idaho Regional Medical Center, located in Idaho Falls, Idaho, serves as a place of respite, relaxation, and privacy for family members, often just steps away from where their child is being treated. The Ronald McDonald Family Room program provides parents with an opportunity to remain close to their hospitalized child and to be an active member of their child's health care team.

Ronald McDonald Hospitality Carts – Designed to serve families who wait for hours without leaving the hospital or their child's bedside, the "Happy Wheels" hospitality carts provide a bit of comfort as they travel the hallways of Saint Alphonsus Hospital and St. Luke's Children's Hospital, both located in Boise, Idaho, bringing parents a hot beverage and snack while keeping the little ones entertained with books, fun activities, and toys. Run by volunteers at each hospital, the carts are out a total of five days a week to provide comfort and care for hundreds of families each month. The Organization anticipates expanding the cart operations in the future.

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Presentation

The Organization reports net assets and revenues, expenses, gains and losses according to two classes of net assets: with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use at the discretion of the Board of Directors and/or management for general operating purposes. Net assets with donor restrictions consist of assets whose use is limited by donor-imposed, time and/or purpose restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers its short-term, highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to significant concentrations of credit risk consist of cash. Accounts at financial institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for up to \$250,000. Investments held in brokerage accounts are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Act for up to \$500,000. The Organization's cash balances that are maintained in bank accounts may exceed these limits from time to time. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

Accounts Receivable

Receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management has assessed all receivables for collectability and believes all are fully collectable. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, management determined that no allowance was necessary.

Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are recorded when pledged. Unconditional promises to give due in the next year are reflected as current promises to give and are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give due in subsequent years are reflected as long-term promises to give and are recorded at the present value of their net realizable value, using the Organization's expected borrowing rate applicable to the years in which the promises are received to discount the amounts.

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments

Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Investment income and gains restricted by donors are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions are met (either stipulated time period ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

Fair Value

The Organization uses fair value reporting for financial assets and liabilities. A hierarchy for reporting the reliability of input measurements is used to assess fair value for all assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined as the selling price that would be received for an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in the principal or most advantageous market on the measurement date. The hierarchy established, prioritizes fair value measurements based on the types of inputs used in the valuation technique. Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the balance sheet, which approximates fair value due to their short term, highly liquid nature.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of furniture and equipment that cost over \$5,000 are capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from five to forty years.

Deferred Revenue

The Organization receives sponsorship fees for future events. The fees are deferred and recognized when the event occurs.

Contributions and Donor Imposed Restrictions

Contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as contributions with donor restrictions that increase that net asset class. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when a time restriction ends and/or a purpose restriction is fulfilled, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restriction.

Note A - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contribution of Nonfinancial Assets

The Organization records in-kind goods based on the fair value as described in generally accepted accounting principles. The Organization recognizes donated services if they create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills and would typically be purchased if not provided by donation. In-kind contributions are recognized as revenue when received and as expenditures when the resources are consumed.

Functional Allocation of Expense

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and in the statement of functional expenses. Certain categories of expenses are attributable to more than one program or supporting function and are allocated on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Advertising, insurance, postage and courier, printing, professional fees, technology, and telephone expenses are allocated based on management's percentage of estimated consumption per functional category; occupancy expenses, including depreciation, maintenance, and utilities, are allocated on the basis of square footage; and salaries and wages and employee benefits are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

Advertising

The Organization expenses advertising as costs are incurred. Advertising expenses totaled \$19,346 and \$39,999 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable state law. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is made in the financial statements.

Presentation of Certain Taxes

The Organization collects various taxes from customers and remits these amounts to applicable taxing authorities. The Organization's accounting policy is to exclude these taxes from revenues and program expenses.

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Uncertain Tax Positions

The accounting standard on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under that guidance, the Organization may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities based on the technical merits of that position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. There were no unrecognized tax benefits identified or recorded as liabilities for fiscal years 2023 or 2022.

The Organization files Form 990 in the U.S. federal jurisdiction. The Organization is generally no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for years before 2020.

Use of Estimates

The Organization uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Prior Year Comparative Totals

The financial statements include certain 2022 summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a complete presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the 2022 financial statements from which the summarized information was derived.

Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through July 8, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B – Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditures are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,101,771 8,152,740
Accounts receivable Pledges receivable	 133,321 368,142
Total financial assets available within one year	9,755,974
Less amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year, due to:	
Restricted by donors with purpose restrictions	546,200
Board designation – Operating Reserve	3,500,000
Board designation – Capital Improvements	 300,000
Total amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year	 4,346,200
Total financial assets available within one year after restriction	\$ 5,409,774

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. At December 31, 2023, all net assets with donor restrictions are available for payment of any major expenditures incurred, except for receivables which are available when the receivable is collected and the expenditure is incurred. Board designated amounts could be drawn upon to meet immediate cash needs by vote of the board of directors.

Note C – Investments

Investments as of December 31 are summarized as follows:

		<u>2023</u>			
Cost Unrealized gain	\$	7,211,094 941,646	\$	6,701,413 4,215	
Fair value	<u>\$</u>	8,152,74 0	\$	6,705,628	

Note C – Investments (Continued)

Investment income (loss) consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>			
Interest and dividends Unrealized gain (loss) Realized gain (loss)	\$	231,409 937,431 (19,780)	\$	198,081 (1,510,114) 84,351		
	<u>\$</u>	1,149,060	\$	(1,227,682)		

Note D - Fair Value Measurements

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1	Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
Level 2	Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
Level 3	Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value instrument.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The Organization's investments are held in various equities, bond funds and certificates of deposit. The funds have been valued based on the closing market price as it relates to the trusts and equities or quoted prices for similar assets as it relates to the bond funds at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and are considered to be Level 1 assets as shown on page 16.

Note D – Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's investments at fair value measured on a recurring basis as of December 31:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
]	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
December 31, 2023								
Money market	\$	401,078	\$	401,078	\$	0	\$	0
Common stock		6,287,980		6,287,980				
Bond funds		1,463,682		1,463,682			_	
Total	\$	8,152,740	\$	8,152,740	\$	0	\$	0
December 31, 2022								
Money market	\$	48,493	\$	48,493	\$	0	\$	0
Common stock		4,815,801		4,815,801				
Certificates of deposit		601,082		601,082				
Bond funds	_	1,240,252		1,240,252			_	
Total	\$	6,705,628	\$	6,705,628	\$	0	\$	0

The certificates of deposit held at December 31, 2022 bore interest at rates between 0.57% and 1.08% and matured in May of 2023.

Note E – Pledges Receivable

The Organization held a fundraising campaign for funds to construct a new house and a family room. Promises to give are restricted to payment of the costs of building the new facilities. The promises to give are unconditional. There are no amounts that are considered uncollectible.

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Pledges receivable in less than one year Pledges receivable in 1-4 years	\$ 368,142 0	\$ 291,144 457,942
Total pledges receivable	368,142	749,086
Less discount to net present value	 0	 (12,044)
Pledges receivable, net	\$ 368,142	\$ 737,042

The discount rate used on outstanding pledges was established at the beginning of the campaign at 2.63%, which is what management has determined to be the Organization's risk free rate.

Note F – Property and Equipment

At December 31, property and equipment consisted of the following:

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Land	\$	2,375,000	\$ 2,375,000
Buildings		12,106,530	12,076,530
Landscaping		112,452	96,944
Furniture and fixtures		633,282	633,282
Office furniture and equipment		131,327	131,327
Signage		63,729	63,729
Vehicles	_	22,749	 22,749
		15,445,069	15,399,561
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,483,775)	 (1,131,227)
Total property and equipment	\$	13,961,294	\$ 14,268,334

Total depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$352,548 and \$349,197, respectively.

Note G - Net Assets

The detail of the Organization's net asset categories at December 31, is as follows:

	<u>2023</u>		
Without donor restrictions:			
Invested in property and equipment	\$ 13,961,294	\$	14,268,334
Board designated capital improvements	300,000		200,000
Board designated operating reserve	3,500,000		3,300,000
Undesignated surplus	 5,298,749		4,491,455
Total without donor restrictions	23,060,043		22,259,789
With donor restrictions:			
Community garden	0		50,146
Endowment Fund	 546,200		546,200
Total with donor restrictions	 546,200		596,346
Total net assets	\$ 23,606,243	\$	22,856,135

Note H - Contributed Nonfinancial Assets

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, contributed nonfinancial assets recognized within the statements of activities included:

		<u>2022</u>		
Occupancy	\$	107,529	\$	86,936
Supplies		2,920		18,618
Professional fees		18,947		11,154
Repairs and maintenance		4,106		14,284
Special events		36,622		38,144
Advertising		28,350		5,050
Other		<u>2,974</u>		4,468
Total contributed nonfinancial assets	\$	201,448	\$	<u>178,654</u>

Note H - Contributed Nonfinancial Assets (Continued)

The Organization recognized contributed nonfinancial assets within revenue, including occupancy, supplies, professional fees, repairs and maintenance, special events, and advertising. Unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor-imposed restrictions.

Contributed occupancy consists of the Organization's rented facility in the Eastern Idaho Regional Medical Center. The facility is valued by a commercial real estate agency located in the region based on comparable rent per square foot.

Contributed supplies consist of linen and other various supplies provided by the Eastern Idaho Regional Medical Center. These contributed supplies are valued at the price that the Organization would have to pay if they were to purchase them.

Contributed professional fees consist of accounting services provided by a CPA firm. The professional fees are valued by the CPA firm based on the hourly rate of the various professionals.

Contributed repairs and maintenance consist of plants, inspections and maintenance work. The plants are valued based on the cost. The contributed services are valued based on the hourly rate of the various professionals.

Contributed special events consist of donated goods provided to support fundraising events for the Organization. Special event donations are valued at cost by the respective donors.

Contributed advertising consists of advertisements and mailers. Contributed advertising is valued and is reported at estimated fair value in the financial statements based on current rates for similar advertising services.

Other contributed non-financial assets include various fundraising and technology items. These contributions are valued at the fair market value of the items based on the price the Organization would have paid to purchase the items.

Note I – Simple Retirement Plan

The Organization has a Simple Retirement Plan qualified as tax-deferred under the IRC. All employees who are reasonably expected to receive at least \$5,000 in compensation within the current calendar year and received at least \$5,000 in compensation during any one preceding calendar year are eligible to participate in the plan and will receive up to a 3% matching contribution. There were employer contributions for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 of \$17,759 and \$18,339, respectively.

Note J - Related Party Transactions

Ronald McDonald House Charities (RMHC) is a system of independent, separately registered public benefit organizations, referred to as "Chapters" within the global organization. The Organization is an independent operating Chapter within the RMHC system. Each Chapter is licensed by McDonald's Corporation and Ronald McDonald House Charities, Inc. to use RMHC-related trademarks in conjunction with fundraising activities and the operation of its programs; the License Agreement also sets standards of operations for programs, governance, finance, branding, and reporting.

Ronald McDonald House Charities, Inc. (RMHC Global), a separately registered nonprofit organization, ensures delivery of the mission across the globe. As a center of excellence, RMHC Global builds and sustains a robust infrastructure of support to the network of Chapters, including operations, licensing and compliance, finance, risk management, communications, marketing, and development. The Organization receives 75% of net revenues from all national fundraising efforts facilitated by RMHC Global in McDonald's restaurants, as defined by the license agreement. During years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Organization received \$565,584 and \$454,672, respectively, from these revenue streams.

Note K - Endowment

The Organization's endowment consists of funds established by donors for the purpose of providing income to support the Organization's activities. Terms of the endowment allow for all earnings to be used for operations of the House. The endowment, in the amount of \$546,200, is reported as net assets with donor restrictions.

Absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary, the board of trustees of the Organization has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and (c) accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

Note K – Endowment (Continued)

In accordance with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the various funds
- (2) The purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Organization
- (7) The Organization's investment policies

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters, and Strategies: The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the board of trustees, for endowment assets. Those policies attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk. Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which includes equity and debt securities, that is intended to result in a consistent inflation-protected rate of return, while growing the funds if possible. The Organization expects its endowment assets, over time, to produce an average rate of return of approximately 5.8% annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to prevent exposing the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with the donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 there were no deficiencies in the corpus balance of the endowment.

Note K – Endowment (Continued)

Changes in endowment net assets and net assets by type of fund were as follows for the years ended December 31:

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions		• • •	With Donor Restrictions		Total		
						1 Otal		
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	0	\$	546,200	\$	546,200		
Investment return, net Contributions				109 , 846 0		109 , 846 0		
Appropriation of Endowment Assets for Expenditure				(109,846)		(109,846)		
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	0	\$	546,200	\$	546,200		

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		<u>Total</u>	
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	0	\$	546,200	\$	546,200
Investment return, net Contributions Appropriation of Endownment Assets				0		0
for Expenditure				0		0
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	0	\$	546,200	\$	546,200